# Crystal Structure of 2,6-Di-(trichloroacetyl)-1-( $N$-morpholinyl)cyclohexene 

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The reaction of acid chlorides with enamines of cyclic ketones has received considerable interest as a synthetic route to afford a number of acylated products. ${ }^{1}$ The $C$-acylation of morpholine, pyrrolidine and piperidine enamines is a suitable method for the synthesis of $\alpha$-acylated carbonyl compounds. ${ }^{2}$ During the course of our investigations on acylation reactions of trichloroacetyl chloride with enamines of medium-sized cyclic ketones, we have remarked that the enamino ketones were diacylated at the $\alpha$ and $\alpha^{\prime}$-positions. Such diacylation instead of monoacylation was probably due the great reactivity of the trichloroacetyl chloride. Morpholine enamine gave a better result than pyrrolidine and piperidine enamines since the diacylated product of morpholino cyclohexene could be successfully isolated during the reaction course but diacylated pyrrolidine and piperidine enamines underwent a hydrolysis reaction readily. The reaction of 1 -( $N$-morpholinyl)cyclohexene, trichloroacetyl chloride and activated zinc afforded the title compound as a yellow solid, which was then recrystallized in hexene solution.

We report here the crystal structure of 2,6-di-(trichloroacetyl)-

(I)

Fig. 1 Synthesis and chemical structures.


Fig. 2 ORTEP drawing of the title compound with atom labeling.

1-( $N$-morpholinyl)cyclohexene, (I), obtained by the reaction of 1-( $N$-morpholinyl)cyclohexene with trichloroacetyl chloride (Fig. 1). A colorless prismatic crystal of (I) with approximate dimensions $0.16 \times 0.24 \times 0.44 \mathrm{~mm}$ was used for all x-ray experiments. During the data collections three intensity control reflections were monitored every 2 h , showing no loss of intensity. The data were corrected for absorption using the $\psi$ scan data. The structure was solved by direct methods and refined by the full-matrix least-squares method using anisotropic displacement parameters for all non-hydrogen atoms. H atoms were placed geometrically $0.95 \AA$ from their parent atoms, while the H atom of C 7 was located in a difference Fourier map. For all H atoms a riding model was used and displacement parameters were fixed at $1.3 U_{\text {eq }}$ of the parent atoms.
Table 1 shows the crystal and experimental data, while the final atomic parameters are given in Table 2. Bond distances and bond angles are given in Table 3.
The structure predicted from chemical and spectral analysis is confirmed. Structural results show that the cyclohexene ring adopts the half-chair conformation having the spherical polar set values, ${ }^{3} Q=0.48(1) \AA, \varphi=158(1)$ and $\theta=54.1(8)^{\circ}$. The morpholine substituent, H atoms attached to the C 7 and C 2 atoms are in the equatorial position while C 13 atom is in the axial position with respect to the best-plane of cyclohexene.

Table 1 Crystal and experimental data

[^0]Table 2 Atomic coordinates and equivalent isotropic thermal parameters for non-hydrogen atoms

|  | $y$ |  |  |  |  | $z$ | $B_{\text {eq }} / \AA^{2}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Atom | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ |  |  |  |  |
| CL1 | $0.6316(2)$ | $-0.0880(4)$ | $0.3543(1)$ | $6.79(6)$ |  |  |  |
| CL2 | $0.6768(2)$ | $-0.4998(5)$ | $0.3235(1)$ | $7.70(7)$ |  |  |  |
| CL3 | $0.5151(1)$ | $-0.4189(5)$ | $0.3380(1)$ | $7.34(7)$ |  |  |  |
| CL4 | $0.9070(1)$ | $0.0291(4)$ | $0.8239(1)$ | $5.12(5)$ |  |  |  |
| CL5 | $0.9436(1)$ | $0.1411(4)$ | $0.6907(1)$ | $6.37(6)$ |  |  |  |
| CL6 | $0.8176(2)$ | $0.3633(3)$ | $0.7297(1)$ | $6.99(7)$ |  |  |  |
| O1 | $0.6729(3)$ | $-0.5919(8)$ | $0.4731(3)$ | $5.1(1)$ |  |  |  |
| O2 | $0.9400(3)$ | $-0.2501(8)$ | $0.4784(3)$ | $4.4(1)$ |  |  |  |
| O3 | $0.7927(3)$ | $-0.2052(7)$ | $0.7050(3)$ | $5.0(1)$ |  |  |  |
| N1 | $0.7914(3)$ | $-0.1831(9)$ | $0.5118(3)$ | $3.0(1)$ |  |  |  |
| C1 | $0.6242(4)$ | $-0.349(1)$ | $0.3716(4)$ | $4.5(2)$ |  |  |  |
| C2 | $0.6569(4)$ | $-0.413(1)$ | $0.4579(3)$ | $3.4(2)$ |  |  |  |
| C3 | $0.6578(4)$ | $-0.251(1)$ | $0.5157(3)$ | $3.0(2)$ |  |  |  |
| C4 | $0.5838(4)$ | $-0.247(1)$ | $0.5434(4)$ | $4.4(2)$ |  |  |  |
| C5 | $0.6017(4)$ | $-0.110(1)$ | $0.6130(4)$ | $4.7(2)$ |  |  |  |
| C6 | $0.6501(4)$ | $0.083(1)$ | $0.6069(4)$ | $4.3(2)$ |  |  |  |
| C7 | $0.7371(4)$ | $0.034(1)$ | $0.6002(3)$ | $2.8(2)$ |  |  |  |
| C8 | $0.7267(4)$ | $-0.135(1)$ | $0.5423(3)$ | $2.7(1)$ |  |  |  |
| C9 | $0.8340(4)$ | $-0.013(1)$ | $0.4888(3)$ | $3.6(2)$ |  |  |  |
| C10 | $0.8813(4)$ | $-0.094(1)$ | $0.4400(4)$ | $4.2(2)$ |  |  |  |
| C11 | $0.8991(4)$ | $-0.415(1)$ | $0.5022(4)$ | $4.1(2)$ |  |  |  |
| C12 | $0.8538(4)$ | $-0.340(1)$ | $0.5537(3)$ | $3.1(2)$ |  |  |  |
| C13 | $0.7961(4)$ | $-0.043(1)$ | $0.6802(3)$ | $3.0(2)$ |  |  |  |
| C14 | $0.8617(4)$ | $0.120(1)$ | $0.7302(4)$ | $3.8(2)$ |  |  |  |

$B_{\mathrm{eq}}=\left(8 \pi^{2} / 3\right) \Sigma_{i} \Sigma_{j} U_{i j} a_{\mathrm{i}}{ }^{*} a_{\mathrm{j}}{ }^{*}\left(\boldsymbol{a}_{i} \cdot \boldsymbol{a}_{j}\right)$.

The ketone groups at $\alpha$ and $\alpha$-positions are twisted in the opposite direction with torsion angles C1-C2-C3-C8 and C8-C7-C13-C14 of -88.3(8) and 139.7(6) ${ }^{\circ}$, respectively.
The geometry observed for the morpholine ring shows no significant distortion from a perfect chair. The perpendicular distances of N1 and O 2 atoms from the best plane defined by atoms C9, C10, C11 and C12 are $0.680(5)$ and $-0.628(5) \AA$, respectively. In terms of ring-puckering coordinates, amplitudes and phase magnitudes are $Q=0.572(7) \AA, \varphi=27(9)$ and $\theta=178.5(6)^{\circ}$. The dihedral angle between the best planes of the cyclohexene and morpholine rings is $66.2(3)^{\circ}$.

Crystal packing is governed only by van der Waals interactions.

Table 3 Bond distances and bond angles of non-hydrogen atom (A, ${ }^{\circ}$ )

| CL1 - C1 | 1.726(9) | C1 | C2 |  | 1.566(9) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CL2 - C1 | 1.756(9) |  |  |  | 1.50(1) |  |
| CL3 - C1 | 1.782(7) |  | C4 |  | 1.50(1) |  |
| CL4 - C14 | 1.748(6) | C3 | C8 |  | 1.322(9) |  |
| CL5 - C14 | 1.782(8) |  | C5 |  | 1.51(1) |  |
| CL6 - C14 | 1.734(8) |  | C6 |  | 1.51(1) |  |
| O1 - C2 | 1.192(9) |  | C7 |  | 1.55(1) |  |
| O2 - C10 | 1.420(8) | C7 | C8 |  | 1.500(9) |  |
| O2 - C11 | 1.419(9) |  | C13 |  | 1.559(7) |  |
| O3 - C13 | 1.155(8) |  | C10 |  | 1.50(1) |  |
| N1 - C8 | 1.428(9) | C11 | - C12 |  | 1.50(1) |  |
| N1 - C9 | 1.456(9) | C13 | - C14 |  | 1.573(9) |  |
| N1 - C12 | 1.472(8) |  |  |  |  |  |
| C10- O2 - C 11 | 111.2(5) |  | C6 | C7 | - C8 | 109.3(5) |
| C8 - N1 - C9 | 118.5(6) |  | C6 - | C7 | - C13 | 107.2(5) |
| C8 - N1 - C12 | 116.1(5) |  | C8 - | C7 | - C13 | 109.7(5) |
| C9 - N1 - C12 | 109.8(5) |  | N1 - | C8 | - C3 | 114.9(6) |
| CL1 - C1 - CL2 | 111.1(5) |  | N1 - | C8 | - C7 | $122.0(5)$ |
| CL1 - C1 - CL3 | 108.1(4) |  | C3 - | C8 | - C7 | 123.1(6) |
| CL1 - C1 - C2 | 115.3(5) |  | N1. - | C9 | - C10 | 109.7(6) |
| CL2- C1 - CL3 | 108.8(4) |  | O2 | C10 | - C9 | 111.3(5) |
| CL2 - C1 - C2 | 108.7(5) |  | O2 - | C11 | - C12 | 111.6(6) |
| CL3 - C1 - C2 | 104.3(5) |  | N1 - | C12 | - C11 | 108.0(5) |
| O1- C2 - C1 | 118.0(6) |  | O3- | C13 | - C7 | 124.6(5) |
| O1 - $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | 123.8(6) |  | O3 | C13 | - C14 | 119.1(5) |
| C1 - C2 - C3 | 117.9(6) |  | C7 - | C13 | - C14 | $116.2(5)$ |
| C2-C3-C4 | 117.1(6) |  | CL4 - | C14 | - CL5 | 108.0(4) |
| C2-C3 - C8 | 116.8(6) |  | CL4 - | C14 | - CL6 | 110.2(4) |
| C4- C3 - C8 | 125.9(6) |  | CL4 - | C14 | - C13 | 110.2(5) |
| C3 - C4 - C5 | 111.2(6) |  | CL5 - | C14 | - CL6 | 108.7(4) |
| C4 - C5 - C6 | 111.6(7) |  | CL5 - | C14 | - C13 | 106.9(5) |
| C5 - C6 - C7 | 112.7(6) |  | CL6 - | C14 | - C13 | 112.8(4) |

## References

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[^0]:    Formula: $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{NO}_{3} \mathrm{Cl}_{6}$
    Formula weight $=457.99$
    Crystal system: monoclinic
    Space group: $P 2_{1} / c \quad Z=4$
    $a=16.843(2) \AA$
    $b=6.441(1) \AA$
    $\begin{array}{ll}b=6.441(1) \AA \\ c=18.670(1) \AA & \beta=110.30(1)^{\circ}\end{array}$
    $V=1899.5(3) \AA^{3}$
    $D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.601 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$
    $\mu\left(\mathrm{Mo} \mathrm{K}_{\alpha}\right)=0.92 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
    $2 \theta_{\text {max }}=50.0^{\circ}$ with $\mathrm{Mo} \mathrm{K}_{\alpha}$
    No. of reflections used $=1556$
    No. of parameters $=220$
    $R=0.054$
    $(\Delta / \sigma)_{\text {max }}=0.001$
    $(\Delta / \rho)_{\text {max }}=0.49 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$
    $(\Delta / \rho)_{\text {min }}=-0.22 \mathrm{e}^{\AA^{-3}}$
    Measurement: Enraf Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer
    Program system: CAD-4 EXPRESS Software
    Structure determination: SIR
    Refinement: full matrix least-squares

